H. R. 2825

To require regulation of wastes associated with the exploration, development, or production of crude oil, natural gas, or geothermal energy under the Solid Waste Disposal Act, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JULY 25, 2013

Mr. CARTWRIGHT (for himself, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Mr. CAPUANO, Mr. COHEN, Mr. CONNOLLY, Mr. CUMMINGS, Mr. DEFAZIO, Mr. DUCT, Ms. ESHEE, Mr. GRAYSON, Mr. Grijalva, Mr. Hastings of Florida, Mr. HUFFMAN, Mr. ISRAEL, Mr. KEATING, Mr. LANGEVIN, Mr. LARSON of Connecticut, Ms. LEE of California, Ms. Lofgren, Mr. LOWENTHAL, Mr. Moran, Mr. Nadler, Ms. Napolitano, Ms. Norton, Mr. Payne, Mr. POCAN, Mr. POLIS, Mr. RANGEL, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Ms. SHEA-POR-TER, Ms. SLAUGHTER, Mr. SMITH of Washington, Mr. VARGAS, Mr. QUIGLEY, Mr. TAKANO, Mr. TONKO, Mr. FARR, Ms. CAROLYN B. MALO-NEY of New York, Ms. CLARKE, Mr. SARBRANES, Ms. SCHWARTZ, Mr. Nolan, and Mr. SHERMAN) introduced the following bill, which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

To require regulation of wastes associated with the exploration, development, or production of crude oil, natural gas, or geothermal energy under the Solid Waste Disposal Act, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

atives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “CLEANER Act of 2013” or the “Closing Loopholes and Ending Arbitrary and Needless Evasion of Regulations Act of 2013”.

SEC. 2. REGULATION OF WASTES ASSOCIATED WITH THE EXPLORATION, DEVELOPMENT, OR PRODUCTION OF CRUDE OIL, NATURAL GAS, OR GEOTHERMAL ENERGY UNDER THE SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL ACT.

(a) Identification or Listing, and Regulation Under Subtitle C.—Paragraph (2) of section 3001(b) of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6921(b)) is amended to read as follows:

“(2) Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the CLEANER Act of 2013, the Administrator shall—

“(A) determine whether drilling fluids, produced waters, and other wastes associated with the exploration, development, or production of crude oil, natural gas, or geothermal energy meet the criteria promulgated under this section for the identification or listing of hazardous waste;

“(B) identify or list as hazardous waste any drilling fluids, produced waters, or other wastes associated with the exploration, development, or production of crude oil, natural gas, or geothermal en-
ergy that the Administrator determines, pursuant to subparagraph (A), meet the criteria promulgated under this section for the identification or listing of hazardous waste; and

“(C) promulgate regulations under sections 3002, 3003, and 3004 for wastes identified or listed as hazardous waste pursuant to subparagraph (B), except that the Administrator is authorized to modify the requirements of such sections to take into account the special characteristics of such wastes so long as such modified requirements protect human health and the environment.”.

(b) Regulation Under Subtitle D.—Section 4010(c)) of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6949a(c)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(7) DRILLING FLUIDS, PRODUCED WATERS, AND OTHER WASTES ASSOCIATED WITH THE EXPLO-RATION, DEVELOPMENT, OR PRODUCTION OF CRUDE OIL, NATURAL GAS, OR GEOTHERMAL ENERGY.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the CLEANER Act of 2013, the Administrator shall promulgate revisions of the criteria promulgated under section 4004(a) and under section 1008(a)(3) for facilities that may receive drilling fluids, pro-
duced waters, or other wastes associated with the ex-
ploration, development, or production of crude oil,
natural gas, or geothermal energy, that are not iden-
tified or listed as hazardous waste pursuant to sec-
tion 3001(b)(2). The criteria shall be those nec-
essary to protect human health and the environment
and may take into account the practicable capability
of such facilities. At a minimum such revisions for
facilities potentially receiving such wastes should re-
quire ground water monitoring as necessary to de-
tect contamination, establish criteria for the accept-
able location of new or existing facilities, and provide
for corrective action and financial assurance as ap-
propriate.”. 